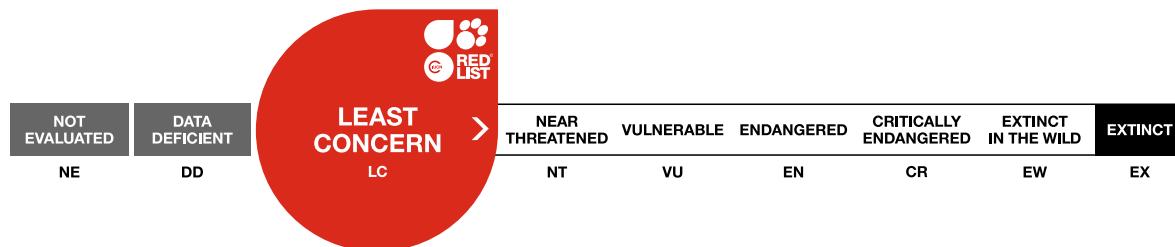




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## *Parmotrema hypotropum*, Powdered Ruffle Lichen

Assessment by: Yahr, R. et al.



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## Taxonomy

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Fungi	Ascomycota	Lecanoromycetes	Lecanorales	Parmeliaceae

**Scientific Name:** *Parmotrema hypotropum* (Nyl.) Hale

**Synonym(s):**

- *Parmelia hypotropa* Nyl.

**Common Name(s):**

- English: Powdered Ruffle Lichen

**Taxonomic Source(s):**

Index Fungorum Partnership. 2021. Index Fungorum. Available at: <http://www.indexfungorum.org>.

**Taxonomic Notes:**

Recent phylogenetic studies have suggested that *Parmotrema hypotropum* can be found in two separate species-level lineages (Lendemer *et al.* 2015, Widholm *et al.* 2016) and, therefore, that *P. hypotropum* may not a monophyletic species.

## Assessment Information

**Red List Category & Criteria:** Least Concern [ver 3.1](#)

**Year Published:** 2021

**Date Assessed:** May 10, 2021

**Justification:**

*Parmotrema hypotropum* is widespread and abundant throughout eastern North America, and also present in Baja peninsula and inland Mexico. Its population size is inferred to be stable. Therefore, it is Least Concern.

## Geographic Range

**Range Description:**

*Parmotrema hypotropum* is found throughout the eastern United States and Canada (Lendemer and Knapp 2007, Lewis and Brinker 2017, Brinker 2020), in addition to the Baja peninsula and inland Mexico (Coutiño and Mojica 1985, Knudsen and Kocourková 2009, León-González and Pérez-Pérez 2020). Collections attributed to this species have been made in France, Italy, Spain and Morocco, but they were incorrectly identified, and are not included in recent checklists (Hawksworth, *et al.* 2008; P. Divakar, *pers. comm.*).

**Country Occurrence:**

**Native, Extant (resident):** Canada; Mexico; United States

# Distribution Map



## **Population**

The population size of *Parmotrema hypotropum* is inferred to be stable.

**Current Population Trend:** Stable

## **Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)**

*Parmotrema hypotropum* grows on bark of trees and shrubs in temperate, subtropical and tropical forests, savannas and shrublands.

**Systems:** Terrestrial

## **Threats**

It is not thought to face any significant threats.

## **Credits**

**Assessor(s):** Yahr, R., Allen, J., Lymbery, C., Batallas-Molina, R., Bungartz, F., Dal Forno, M., Hodges, M., Lendemer, J., McMullin, T., Mertens, A., Paquette, H., Petix, M., Reese Næsborg, R., Roberts, F., Sharrett, S. & Villella, J.

**Reviewer(s):** Divakar, P.

**Contributor(s):** Anderson, F., Calabria, L., Glew, K., Hollinger, J., Howe, N., Kaminsky, L., Noell, N., Parrinello, C., Ramos, D., Restrepo, A., Root, H., Rosentreter, R., Scott, T., Stone, D. & Vargas, R.

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## External Resources

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# Appendix

## Habitats

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
1. Forest -> 1.4. Forest - Temperate	Resident	Suitable	-
1. Forest -> 1.6. Forest - Subtropical/Tropical Moist Lowland	Resident	Suitable	-
1. Forest -> 1.8. Forest - Subtropical/Tropical Swamp	Resident	Suitable	-
2. Savanna -> 2.1. Savanna - Dry	Resident	Suitable	-
2. Savanna -> 2.2. Savanna - Moist	Resident	Suitable	-
3. Shrubland -> 3.8. Shrubland - Mediterranean-type Shrubby Vegetation	Resident	Suitable	-

## Plant Growth Forms

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Plant Growth Form
M. Fungus
LC. Lichen

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