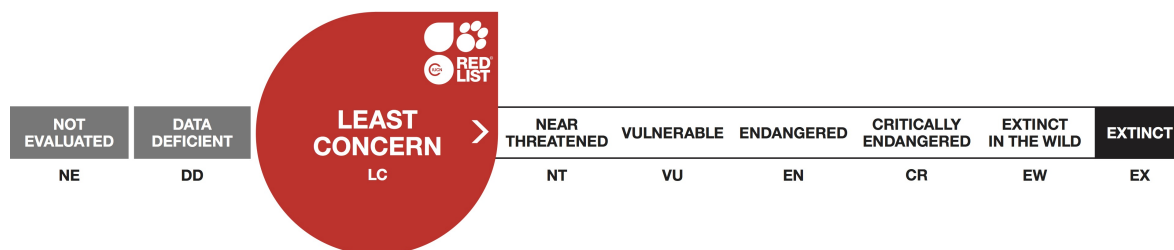


## *Turdus eunomus*, Dusky Thrush

Assessment by: BirdLife International



View on [www.iucnredlist.org](http://www.iucnredlist.org)

**Citation:** BirdLife International. 2016. *Turdus eunomus*. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2016: e.T22736111A104201968. <http://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2016-3.RLTS.T22736111A104201968.en>

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If you see any errors or have any questions or suggestions on what is shown in this document, please provide us with [feedback](#) so that we can correct or extend the information provided.

## Taxonomy

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Chordata	Aves	Passeriformes	Turdidae

**Taxon Name:** *Turdus eunomus* Temminck, 1831

### Common Name(s):

- English: Dusky Thrush

### Taxonomic Source(s):

del Hoyo, J., Collar, N.J., Christie, D.A., Elliott, A., Fishpool, L.D.C., Boesman, P. and Kirwan, G.M. 2016. *HBW and BirdLife International Illustrated Checklist of the Birds of the World. Volume 2: Passerines*. Lynx Edicions and BirdLife International, Barcelona, Spain and Cambridge, UK.

## Assessment Information

**Red List Category & Criteria:** Least Concern [ver 3.1](#)

**Year Published:** 2016

**Date Assessed:** October 1, 2016

### Justification:

This species has an extremely large range, and hence does not approach the thresholds for Vulnerable under the range size criterion (extent of occurrence <20,000 km<sup>2</sup> combined with a declining or fluctuating range size, habitat extent/quality, or population size and a small number of locations or severe fragmentation). The population trend is not known, but the population is not believed to be decreasing sufficiently rapidly to approach the thresholds under the population trend criterion (>30% decline over ten years or three generations). The population size has not been quantified, but it is not believed to approach the thresholds for Vulnerable under the population size criterion (<10,000 mature individuals with a continuing decline estimated to be >10% in ten years or three generations, or with a specified population structure). For these reasons the species is evaluated as Least Concern.

## Geographic Range

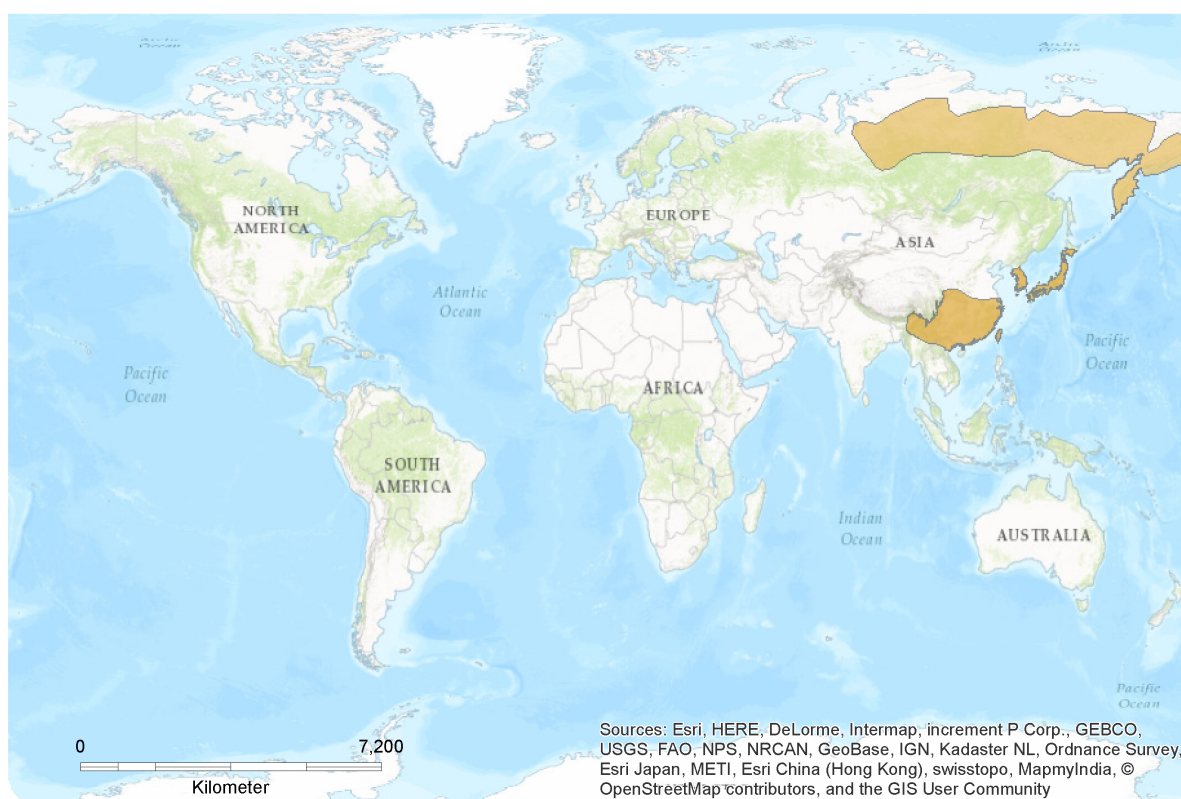
### Country Occurrence:

**Native:** Bangladesh; Bhutan; China; Hong Kong; India; Japan; Korea, Republic of; Myanmar; Nepal; Pakistan; Russian Federation; Taiwan, Province of China; Thailand; Viet Nam

**Vagrant:** Austria; Belarus; Belgium; Canada; Croatia; Cyprus; Czech Republic; Denmark; Faroe Islands; Finland; France; Germany; Hungary; Israel; Italy; Kuwait; Montenegro; Netherlands; Northern Mariana Islands; Norway; Oman; Philippines; Poland; Saudi Arabia; Serbia (Serbia); Slovenia; United Arab Emirates; United Kingdom; United States

# Distribution Map

*Turdus eunomus*

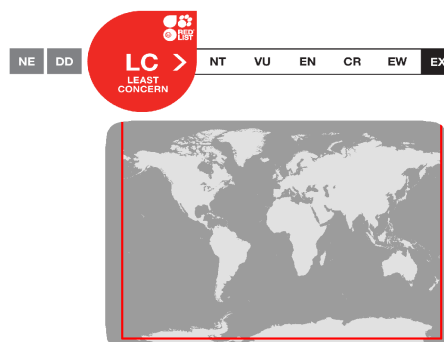


## Range

- Extant (breeding)
- Extant (non breeding)

## Compiled by:

BirdLife International and Handbook of the Birds of the World (2016)



## Population

The global population size has not been quantified, but the species is described as common (del Hoyo *et al.* 2005).

### Trend Justification

The population trend is difficult to determine because of uncertainty over the impacts of habitat modification on population sizes.

**Current Population Trend:** Unknown

## Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)

**Systems:** Terrestrial

## Credits

**Assessor(s):** BirdLife International

**Reviewer(s):** Butchart, S. & Symes, A.

**Facilitators(s) and Compiler(s):** Butchart, S., Ekstrom, J., Khwaja, N. & Symes, A.

## Bibliography

del Hoyo, J.; Elliott, A.; Christie, D. 2005. *Handbook of the Birds of the World, vol. 10: Cuckoo-shrikes to Thrushes*. Lynx Edicions, Barcelona, Spain.

IUCN. 2016. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. Version 2016-3. Available at: [www.iucnredlist.org](http://www.iucnredlist.org). (Accessed: 07 December 2016).

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## External Resources

For [Images and External Links to Additional Information](#), please see the Red List website.

# Appendix

## Habitats

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
1. Forest -> 1.1. Forest - Boreal	Breeding	Suitable	No
1. Forest -> 1.4. Forest - Temperate	Resident	Suitable	No
3. Shrubland -> 3.3. Shrubland - Boreal	Breeding	Suitable	No
3. Shrubland -> 3.4. Shrubland - Temperate	Resident	Suitable	No
4. Grassland -> 4.1. Grassland - Tundra	Breeding	Marginal	-
4. Grassland -> 4.4. Grassland - Temperate	Resident	Suitable	No
0. Root -> 6. Rocky areas (eg. inland cliffs, mountain peaks)	Resident	Suitable	No
14. Artificial/Terrestrial -> 14.1. Artificial/Terrestrial - Arable Land	Non-breeding	Suitable	No
14. Artificial/Terrestrial -> 14.3. Artificial/Terrestrial - Plantations	Non-breeding	Suitable	No
14. Artificial/Terrestrial -> 14.4. Artificial/Terrestrial - Rural Gardens	Non-breeding	Suitable	No

## Conservation Actions in Place

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Conservation Actions in Place
In-Place Research, Monitoring and Planning
Action Recovery plan: No
Systematic monitoring scheme: No
In-Place Land/Water Protection and Management
Conservation sites identified: Yes, over entire range
Occur in at least one PA: Yes
Invasive species control or prevention: No
In-Place Species Management
Successfully reintroduced or introduced benignly: No
Subject to ex-situ conservation: No
In-Place Education
Subject to recent education and awareness programmes: No

<b>Conservation Actions in Place</b>
Included in international legislation: Yes
Subject to any international management/trade controls: No

## Additional Data Fields

<b>Distribution</b>
Continuing decline in area of occupancy (AOO): Unknown
Extreme fluctuations in area of occupancy (AOO): No
Estimated extent of occurrence (EOO) (km <sup>2</sup> ): 6640000
Continuing decline in extent of occurrence (EOO): Unknown
Extreme fluctuations in extent of occurrence (EOO): No
Continuing decline in number of locations: Unknown
Extreme fluctuations in the number of locations: No
Upper elevation limit (m): 3000
<b>Population</b>
Number of mature individuals: U
Continuing decline of mature individuals: Unknown
Extreme fluctuations: No
Population severely fragmented: No
Continuing decline in subpopulations: Unknown
Extreme fluctuations in subpopulations: No
All individuals in one subpopulation: No
<b>Habitats and Ecology</b>
Continuing decline in area, extent and/or quality of habitat: Unknown
Generation Length (years): 6.1
Movement patterns: Full Migrant

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